國立臺北科技大學

106 學年第一學期電機系博士班資格考試

計算機概論(大學部)試題

第一頁 共二頁



注意事項:

- 本試題共【10】題,配分共100分。
 請按順序標明題號作答,不必抄題。
- 全部答案均須答在試卷答案欄內,否則不予計分。
- 考試時間:二小時。
- 1. (12%) Convert the following two numbers to binary. (4%) Calculate the following division in binary. (4%) If 1's complement binary numbers with the length of 6 bits (including sign) was used to store the quotient, determine if an overflow occurs. (4%)

$246_{13} \div 14_{8}$

- 2. (8%) Fill in the blanks below with the part on the operating system (file manager, memory manager, device drivers, window manager, scheduler, dispatcher) that performs the activity described.
 - A. _____ Places new entries in the process table (2%)
 - B. _____ Performs the actual communication with I/O units (2%)
 - C. _____ Maintains a record of memory allocations (2%)
 - D. Protects files from unauthorized access (2%)
- (10%) What conditions are necessary for deadlock to occur? 3.
- 4. (10%) Describe the bootstrap process.
- (10%) What are some distinctions between UDP and TCP? 5.

- 6. (10%) Briefly summarize the steps performed by each of the four layers in the TCP/IP hierarchy at the computer at which a message originates.
- 7. (10%) Briefly describe the task of each of the following.
 - A. Lexical analyzer
 - B. Parser
 - C. Code Generator
- 8. (10%) What sequence of nodes from the tree



would be printed if the following recursive procedure were applied to it? (The procedure uses a global stack called Stack that is assumed to begin empty.)

```
procedure printTree (Tree)
push the left child of the root node on Stack;
if (right branch of Tree is not empty)
then (apply the procedure printTree to the right subtree of Tree)
pop an entry from Stack and print that node.
```

9. (10%) Given the following tables, X and Y, stored in a relational database.

X:	A	В	Y:	С	D
	2	S		t	1
	5	Z		r	3
				W	2

draw the relation result that would be produced by the following statements?

Temp \leftarrow JOIN X and Y where X.A > Y.D Result \leftarrow PROJECT X.B, Y.C from Temp

10. (10%) Explain the distinction between time complexity and space complexity.

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