國立臺北科技大學

九十八學年第一學期電機系博士班資格考試

網際網路工程試題

第一頁 共三頁



- 本試題共【7】題,配分共100分。
 請按順序標明題號作答,不必抄題。
 全部答案均須答在試卷答案欄內,否則不予計分。
- 者試時間:二小時。

1. (15 points) Explain the following items.

- (a) Consider an e-commerce site that wants to keep a purchase record for each of its customers. Describe how this can be done.
- (b) Describe how Web caching can reduce the delay in receiving a requested object. Will Web caching reduce the delay for all objects requested by a user or for only some of the objects? Why?.
- (c) If the TCP server were to support *n* simultaneous connection, each from a different client host, how many sockets would the TCP server need? If the UDP server were to support n simultaneous different client hosts, how many sockets would the UDP server need?
- 2. (15 points) As shown in Figure 1, the server and the peers are connected to the Internet with access links. Denote the upload rate of the server's access link by u_s , the upload rate of the *i*th peer's access link by u_i , and the download rate of the *i*th peer's access link by d_i . Denote the size of the file to be distributed by F bits and the number of peers that want to obtain a copy of the file by N. Please derive the minimum distribution time for P2P. (The distribution time is the time it takes to get a copy of the file to all N peers)

第二頁 共三頁



Figure 1.

- 3. (15 points) Consider a TCP connection with 1500-byte segment and a 100 *ms RTT*, and suppose we want to achieve a throughput of 10 *Gbps*, please derive the segment loss probability that TCP could only tolerate.
- 4. (15 points) Consider the network shown in Figure 2. Suppose AS3 and AS2 are running OSPF for their intra-AS routing protocol. Suppose AS1 and AS4 are running RIP for their intra-AS routing protocol. Suppose eBGP and iBGP are used for the inter-AS routing protocol. Initially suppose there is *no* physical link between AS2 and AS4.
- (a) Once router 1d learns about x will put an entry (x, l) in its forwarding table. Will *l* be equal to l_1 or l_2 for this entry? Explain why.
- (b) Now suppose that there is a physical link between AS2 and AS4, shown by the dotted line. Suppose router 1d learns that x is accessible via AS2 and viaAS3. Will *l* be set to l_1 or l_2 ? Explain why.
- (c) Now suppose that there is another AS, called AS5, which lies on the path between AS2 and AS4 (not shown in Figure). Suppose router 1d learns that *x* is accessible via AS2 AS5 AS4 and via AS3 AS4. Will *l* be set to l_1 or l_2 ? Explain why.

第三頁 共三頁



- 5. (15 points) Show that the maximum efficiency of pure ALOHA is 1/(2e).
- 6. (10 points) What are three approaches that can be taken to avoid having a single wireless link degrade the performance of an end-to-end transport-layer TCP connection?
- 7. (15 points) Consider the client buffer shown in Figure 3. Suppose that the streaming system use the third option; that is, the server pushes the media into the socket as quickly as possible. Suppose the available TCP bandwidth >> d most of the time. Also suppose that the client buffer can hold only about one-third of the media. Describe how x(t) and content of the client buffer will evolve over time.



Figure 3